



# COVID-19 Clinical Update

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# Disclosures

# COVID-19 Transmission

## ❖ **Transmission at Choir Practice** Hammer et al, MMWR May 15, 2020

- ❖ 122 choir members in Skagit County, WA met weekly through 3/10/202 for 2.5 hours
- ❖ On March 16, 2020, 3 members tested positive (only 1 had been symptomatic 3/10)
- ❖ 52 persons total developed COVIDS-19
- ❖ Possible modes of transmission:
  - ❖ Fomites
  - ❖ Aerosolization by singing
  - ❖ Standing 6-10 inches apart
- ❖ Choir practice may be a “**Superspreader Event**”





# Clinical Presentation Update

## GI Manifestations

- ❖ **Prevalence of GI Manifestations of COVID-19 Infection** (Adler et al, Gastro, May 11)
- ❖ Symptoms and labs of 10,890 patients with COVID in 47 study metanalysis
  - ❖ Abdominal pain 3.6%
  - ❖ Diarrhea 7.7%
  - ❖ Nausea/Vomiting 7.8%
  - ❖ Elevated ALT + ALT 15% each
  - ❖ Elevated Bilirubin 16.7%



# Clinical Presentation Update

## GI Manifestations

### ❖ Recommend:

- ❖ **New diarrhea:** evaluate contact exposures and h/o COVID symptoms
- ❖ **New GI Symptoms:** Consider COVID-19 symptoms
- ❖ **Hospitalized Patients:** obtain GI history
- ❖ **Do not test stool** for SARS-CoV-2
- ❖ **Follow LFTs** in hospitalized patients with COVID-19
- ❖ **Treatments for COVID** may cause GI symptoms and LFT abnormalities



# COVID-19 and Multisystem Inflammatory Syndrome

- ❖ CDC HAN Alert May 14, 2020

- ❖ First described in UK on April 26, 2020: severe inflammatory syndrome

- ❖ Fever

- ❖ Hypotension

- ❖ Cardiac, GI, renal, hematologic, dermatologic, neurologic manifestations **not all with pulmonary**

- ❖ Elevated inflammatory markers

- ❖ CDC Case Definition (all 3 required):

- ❖ <21 years old with fever, lab evidence of inflammation, severe disease requiring hospitalization with multisystem organ involvement (cardiac, GI, renal, hematologic, dermatologic, neurologic)

- ❖ No alternate plausible diagnosis

- ❖ Positive for current or recent Sars-CoV-2 by PCR, Ag, or exposure history within 4 weeks



# Testing update

- ❖ **Cepheid Xpert:**

- ❖ **Abbott ID NOW:**

- ❖ **NYU Study Basu et al (not peer reviewed)**

- ❖ 101 Emergency Dept patient aged 28-90 with suspect COVID tested by dry swab

- ❖ Abbott picked up 16 out of 31 positive samples picked up by Cepheid (51.6%)

- ❖ **FDA: “The test may result in false results. We are still evaluating the information about inaccurate results and are in direct communications with Abbott about this important issue”.**

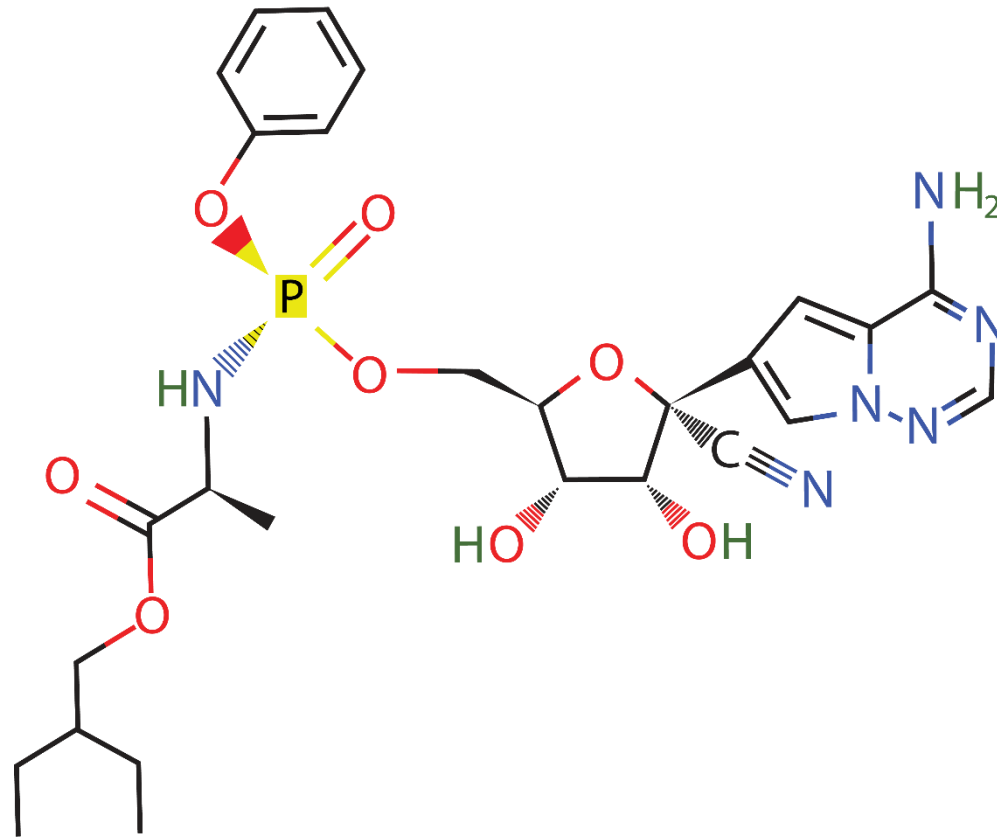
- ❖ **Sofia 2 SARS Ag FIA:** New antigen test from Quidel Corporation received EUA

- ❖ **Rapid**

- ❖ **May not be as accurate as PCR**

# Remdesivir

## Remdesivir







# Remdesivir distributed last week

## ❖ Criteria for Rx in IHS:

- ❖ Confirmed COVID-19 diagnosis
- ❖ RA Saturation  $\leq 94\%$  requiring supplemental oxygen, mechanical ventilation or ECMO
- ❖ eGFR  $>30$  and ALT  $< 5x$  Upper Limit of Normal
  - >>> Consider rising O2 requirement and elevated inflammatory markers as high priority**
- ❖ **Dose:** 200 mg IV loading dose then 100 mg IV daily (10d ICU, 5d floor)
- ❖ **Monitor** eGFR, LFTs and symptoms on Rx
- ❖ **Look for:** hypotension, Nausea, vomiting, LFT elevation



# Vaccine news

## ❖ Moderna, Inc of Cambridge, MA

- ❖ Phase 1 study of mRNA-1273, a messenger RNA vaccine against SARS-CoV-2
  - ❖ Gave 25mcg, 100 mcg and 250 mcg doses (n=15 at each dose)
  - ❖ Measured neutralizing antibody levels in the first 8 patients (25 and 100mcg)
  - ❖ **Antibody levels were above or at levels found in COVID-19 convalescent sera**
  - ❖ No major side effects noted: only one had redness around injection site
- ❖ Animal studies in mice showed the vaccine prevented lung replication

From Moderna press release, May 18,2020



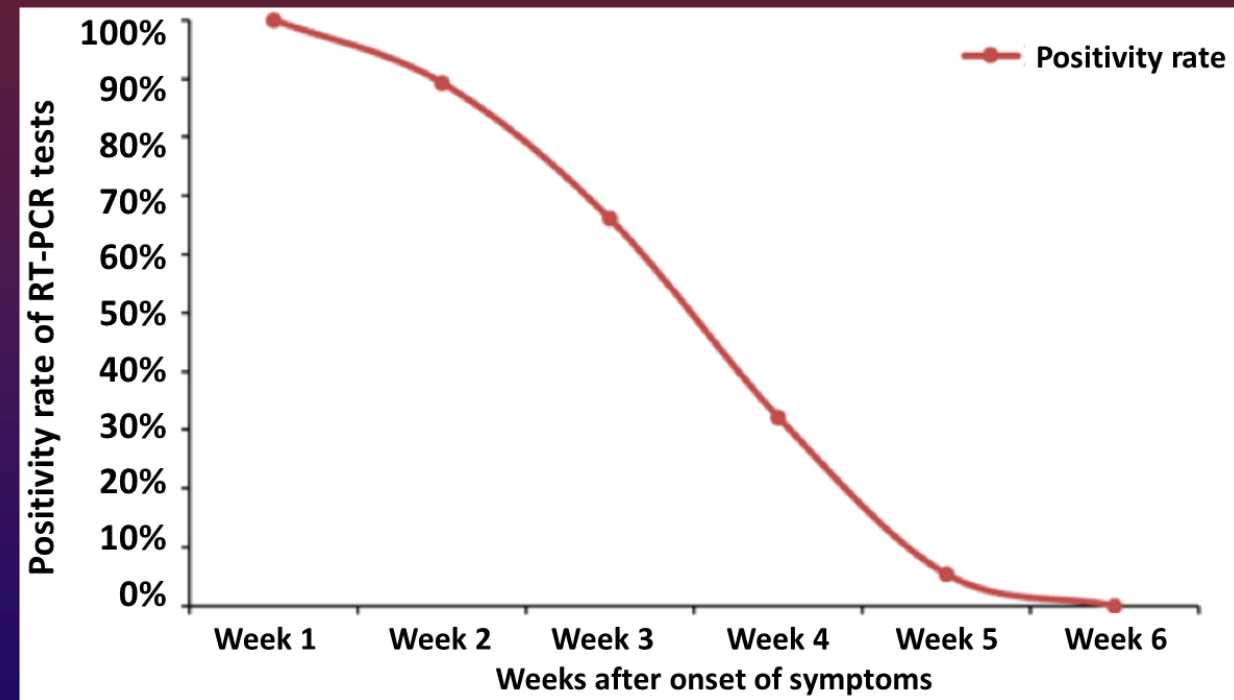
# Updated CDC HCP Return to Work Criteria

- ❖ No more preference for the two PCR return criterion
- ❖ **Symptom and time-based strategy** given equal billing
  - ❖ 10 days since symptom onset, 3 days no fever, 3 days improved symptoms
  - ❖ 10 days since positive PCR for asymptomatic HCP still with no symptoms

<https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/hcp/return-to-work.html>

# Updated CDC HCP Return to Work Criteria

- ❖ Viral burden declines after onset
- ❖ Living virus has never been cultured after 9 days since symptom onset
- ❖ IgG Abs detected same time
- ❖ Viral culture negative when PCR Cycle Threshold (Ct) > 33-35
- ❖ If still PCR positive 3 days after recovery, Ct is usually in this range



From CDC Decision Memo: <https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/community/strategy-discontinue-isolation.html>



# More COVID-19 Training

- ❖ **CDC:** <https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/hcp/index.html>
- ❖ **ACP Physician Handbook:** <https://www.acponline.org/clinical-information/clinical-resources-products/coronavirus-disease-2019-covid-19-information-for-internists>
- ❖ **UW Protocols:** <https://covid-19.uwmedicine.org/Pages/default.aspx>
- **UW IDEA Program:** <https://covid.idea.medicine.uw.edu/>
- **NIH Guidelines:** <https://covid19treatmentguidelines.nih.gov/>
- ❖ **Brigham and Women's Hospital:** [covidprotocols.org](https://covidprotocols.org)

